

Leprosy Act 1892, Queensland

1892 – 1937

Details

The Leprosy Act of 1892 provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. The Act enabled the Governor-in-Council, by proclamation, to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers. This act was repealed by the 1937 Health Act.

More info

Chronology

- **Leprosy Act 1892, Queensland (1892 – 1937)**
 - Health Act 1937, Queensland (1937 - current)

Related Entries

Related Organisations

- [Dayman Island Lazaret \(9 May 1889 - 1892\)](#)

The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.
- [Friday Island Lazaret \(27 October 1892 - c. 1907\)](#)

The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.
- [Stradbroke Island Lazaret \(25 November 1892 - 1907\)](#)

The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.
- [Peel Island Lazaret \(31 May 1907 - 5 August 1959\)](#)

The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.
- [Fantome Island Lazaret \(1939 - 1973\)](#)

The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.

You can view this page online by visiting <https://findconnect.efront.digital/entity/leprosy-act-1892/>